



Clinical Graph-JEPA: Predictive Patient-State Knowledge Graphs for Cognitive Decision Support

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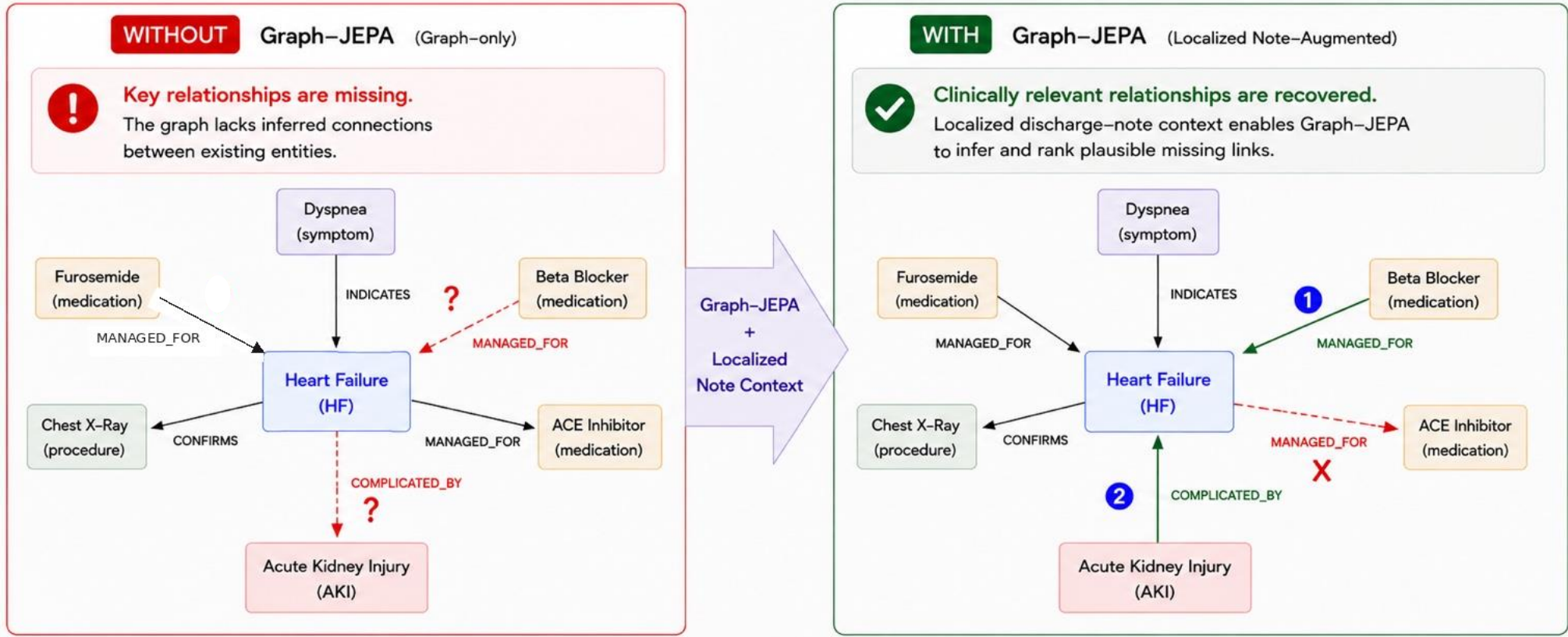


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Summary

Graph-JEPA uses **localized discharge-note context** to recover **clinically meaningful relationships** missing from the graph-only representation, producing a more coherent patient-state knowledge graph.



Introduction

Clinical records tell us what happened to a patient, but understanding a patient requires knowing how those facts fit together. We therefore frame the clinical knowledge graph as an **evolving patient-state representation**, where Graph-JEPA learns to predict missing graph regions from the patient context already observed.

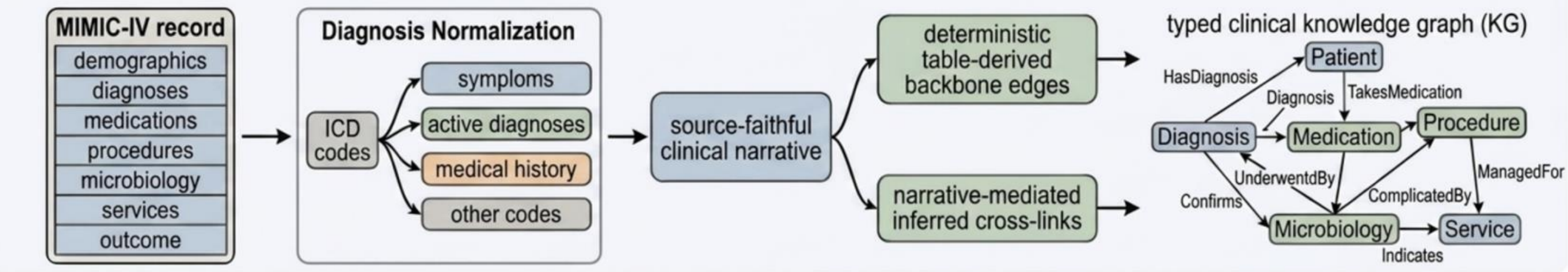
Importantly, **more context is not necessarily better context**. We investigate where unstructured clinical information should enter the graph, comparing graph-only, globally injected, and entity-grounded note context. The model acts as a **lightweight refiner** rather than a cold-start predictor, recovering plausible missing relationships from an existing evidence-grounded graph under schema-constrained, leakage-aware evaluation.

Dataset & Cohort

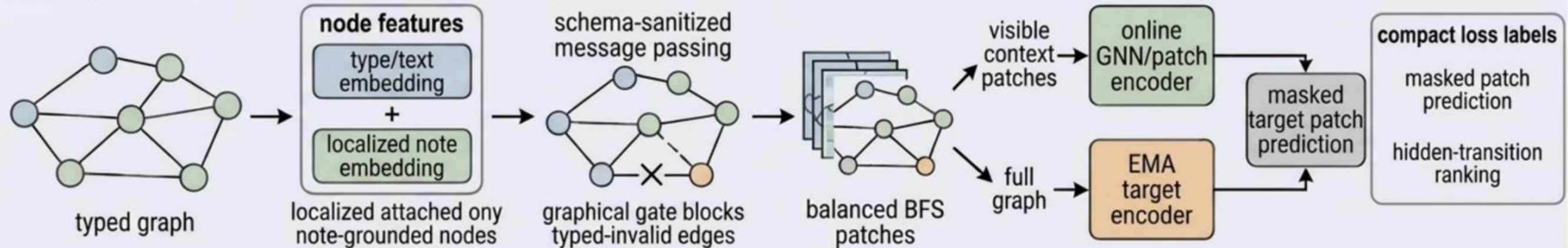


Methodology

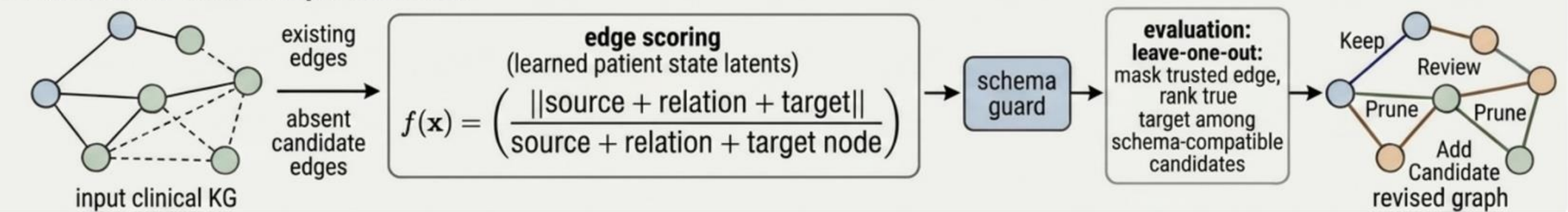
A. Admission Record to Patient-State KG



B. Graph-JEPA Patient-State World Model



C. Inference-Time Graph Revision

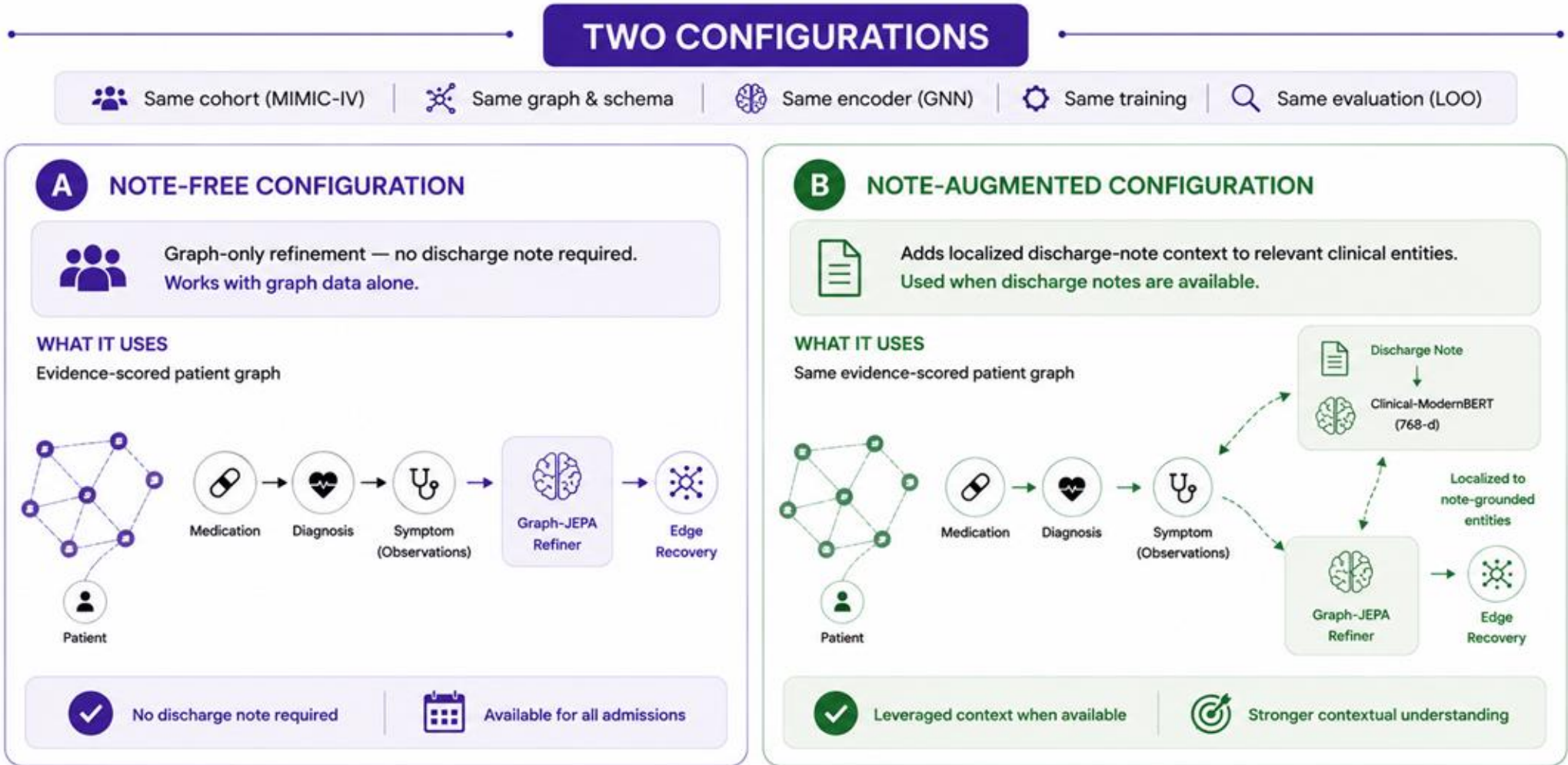


- Patient records become a structured clinical graph.
- Specialist agents infer missing clinical relationships.
- Evidence scoring filters links before integration.

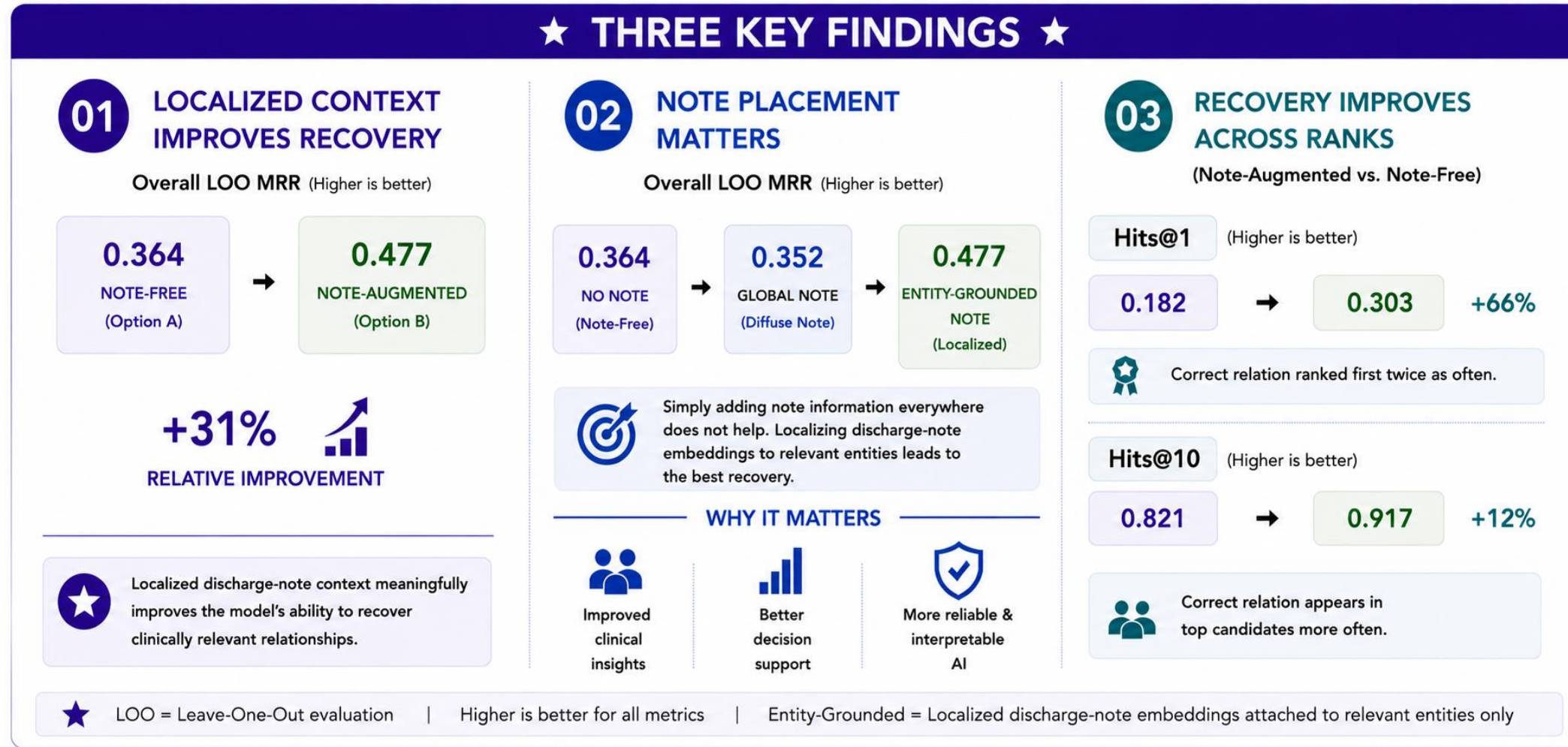
- Parts of the patient graph are masked.
- Visible context predicts the missing patient state.
- The model learns how clinical information fits together.

- Learned representations score missing relationships.
- Clinical schema restricts valid candidates.
- Plausible links are surfaced for graph refinement.

Experimental Setup



Results



Limitations

- **Single-site cohort:** Evaluation is primarily based on MIMIC-IV
- **Recovery ≠ clinical truth:** Relations are not independently clinician-adjudicated
- **Clinical impact not yet tested:** No prospective evaluation of patient outcomes or decision-support utility.

Future Work

- **External validation:** Clinician-annotated relations across multiple sites.
- **Stronger evaluation:** Patient-disjoint and temporally separated splits.
- **Clinical utility:** Evaluate graph refinement for retrieval and decision-support tasks.

References

- [1] Assran et al. (2023). *Self-Supervised Learning from Images with a Joint-Embedding Predictive Architecture*.
- [2] Skenderi et al. (2025). Graph-Level Representation Learning with Joint-Embedding Predictive Architectures.
- [3] Johnson et al. (2023). *MIMIC-IV, a freely accessible electronic health record dataset*. Scientific Data